



Chemical Biology

In the last few years, chemical biology has become established as a discipline in its own right at the interface of molecular biology and chemistry. It is concerned with the investigation of biological systems by chemical modifications and manipulations.

The book Chemical Biology—Learning through Case Studies is a compendium that aims to open the broad and interdisciplinary field of chemical biology for advanced students. Comprising biochemical, as well as pharmaceutical and synthetic approaches, it is the theoretically based complement to the practice-oriented book Chemical Biology-A Practical Course by the same editors, Herbert Waldmann and Petra Janning, published in 2004. The approach taken by the editors is straightforward and easy to comprehend, since the methods and techniques are introduced by examples from actual research projects. Experts were invited to describe their field of research in individual chapters, each one based on a single study, in order to cover the immense subject without overloading the book. This approach should also inspire scientific thinking.

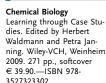
Each of the 18 chapters starts with a short introduction to the scientific problem and the biological challenge, followed by a more-detailed presentation of the biological and chemical background of the method and recent research results. Integrated alongside the text are boxes that function as a glossary for terms and methods. At the end of each chapter is a bibliography. The uniform structure of the chapters makes it easy for the reader to navigate through the book and to find information on specific topics, although sometimes it would have been desirable to provide more informative cross-references between frequently occurring concepts and topics. Most authors have achieved a good balance of figures, boxes, and text, and it is only in a few chapters that the effect is disjointed and the multitude of single boxes makes reading difficult. The schemes and figures are generally limited to gray tones, but without any loss of clarity. Some chapters also include single color prints of biological experiments.

The book begins with an introduction to chemical genomics (Chapter 1). In the following chapters the topics range from classical methods of biochemical analysis or detection to synthetic libraries for the investigation of enzymatic processes, to protein immobilization strategies, to the development of vaccines, and to the manipulation/detection of intracellular processes and signal transduction. Other chapters introduce the reader to some techniques of bioorganic chemistry, in particular to chemoselective ligation and labeling strategies.

To summarize, although the book does not provide an overview of the broad biological background, the well-written short chapters offer the non-expert reader (and also to some extent the specialist) an opportunity to gain insight into the individual fields. In contrast to the three-volume compendium of the same title edited by Schreiber, Kapoor, and Wess, this book is mainly intended not for experts already working in the field but for beginners. Nevertheless, a basic knowledge of organic chemistry and biochemistry is absolutely necessary unless it is accompanied by an appropriate course of lectures. It is very suitable and highly recommended as a guideline for advanced seminars in biological chemistry and as a source of insight for interested junior researchers.

Michaela Mühlberg, Verena Böhrsch, Christian P. R. Hackenberger Freie Universität Berlin (Germany)

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Practical Biotrans-The application of enzymes is an elegant solution to numerous problems in synthetic organic chemistry, in particular for generating enantiopure compounds, for example pharmaceuticals. However, for chemists who are inexperienced in this area the vastness and complexity of the subject of biotransformations is often seen as a reason to prefer a "classical" nonenzymatic strategy for the synthetic route. The book Practical Biotransformations—A Beginner's Guide by Gideon Grogan, in the Postgraduate Chemistry Series, is aimed specifically in this direction, to enable the reader to enter this increasingly important field of chemistry.

The author assumes that the advanced undergraduate and postgraduate students for whom this book is intended have good basic laboratory expertise, some knowledge of general analytical methods, and the usual skills needed for work in an organic synthesis laboratory. These elementary techniques are required for successful application of microorganisms or isolated enzymes in organic synthesis. Right from the beginning, it is pointed out that microbiology and enzymology cannot be covered comprehensively within the book's 344 pages, which are divided into 8 chapters. However, that would be necessary for an in-depth understanding of the subjects named in the chapter titles. Therefore, supporting review articles and recent literature on the various topics are cited in the



Practical Biotransformations A Beginner's Guide. Postgraduate Chemistry Series. By Gideon Grogan. John Wiley & Sons, Hoboken 2009. 344 pp., softcover € 44.90.—ISBN 978-1405171250



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